510(k) Summary

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This 510(k) Summary is submitted in accordance with 21 CFR 807.92(c).

Submitter: OrbusNeich Medical, Inc.

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Contact Person: John D. Pazienza

Date Prepared: September 1, 2011

Trade Name: Sapphire NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter

Common Name: Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) Catheter

Classification Name: Catheters, transluminal coronary angioplasty, percutaneous (21 CFR

870.5100(a), Product Code LOX)

Predicate Devices: NC Sprinter RX (P790017 S095; cleared October 10, 2008)

Voyager NC (P810046 S226; cleared august 21, 2008) Quantum Maverick (P860019 S182; cleared October 1, 2002) NC Quantum Apex (P860019 S241; cleared April 16, 2010)

Dura Star (P880003 S089; cleared August 29, 2007)

Device Description: The Sapphire NC coronary dilatation catheter is a percutaneous

transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA) balloon catheter with a working length of 140cm. The proximal shaft is a polymer coated stainless steel hypotube. Lubricious coatings are applied to the distal section. The non-compliant balloons, available in diameters from 2.0-4.0mm and lengths from 8-18mm, can be inflated by injecting dilute contrast media solution through the trailing hub of the catheter. Two radiopaque platinum marker bands are located within the balloon segment. The catheter is compatible with 5F or larger guiding catheters. The internal lumen of the catheter accepts a standard 0.014 inch PTCA guidewire. The proximal part of the guidewire enters the catheter tip and advances coaxially out the catheter proximal port, thereby allowing both coaxial guidance and rapid exchange of catheters with a single standard length guidewire. Two marked sections are located on the hypotube shaft to indicate catheter position relative to the tip of either a brachial or femoral guiding catheter. The design of this dilatation catheter does not incorporate a lumen for distal

dye injections or distal pressure measurements.

Intended Use:

The Sapphire NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter is indicated for:

- balloon dilatation of the stenotic portion of a coronary artery or bypass graft stenosis in patients evidencing coronary ischemia for the purpose of improving myocardial perfusion
- balloon dilatation of a coronary artery occlusion for the treatment of acute myocardial infarction
- in-stent restenosis
- post-delivery expansion of balloon expandable coronary stents

Note: The subject device was tested on the bench with the OrbusNeich Blazer Cobalt-Chromium (CoCr) Alloy Stent. All stents should be deployed in accordance with the manufacturer's indications and instructions for use.

Technological Characteristics:

Comparisons of the new and predicate devices show that the technological characteristics such as product performance, design, and intended use are substantially equivalent to the currently marketed predicate devices.

Performance Data:

Both *in vitro* performance tests such as dimensional verification, balloon preparation, deployment, and retraction, balloon rated burst pressure, balloon fatigue, balloon compliance, balloon inflation and deflation time, catheter bond strength, tip pull strength, flexibility and kinking, torque strength, radiopacity, coating integrity, particulate evaluation, within stent balloon burst pressure, within stent balloon fatigue, and also biocompatibility tests such as cytotoxicity, sensitization, hemocompatibility, pyrogenicity, acute systemic toxicity, and intracutaneous reactivity were conducted on the Sapphire NC PTCA catheter. The test results met all acceptance criteria, were similar to predicate devices, and ensure that the Sapphire NC PTCA catheter design and construction are suitable for its intended use as recommended by the Class II Special Controls Guidance Document for Certain Percutaneous Transluminal Coronary Angioplasty (PTCA) Catheters (FDA; September 8, 2010).

Conclusion:

This information supports a determination of substantial equivalence between the Sapphire NC PTCA catheter and the predicate devices described above.





Food and Drug Administration 10903 New Hampshire Avenue Document Control Room –WO66-G609 Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

OrbusNeich Medical, Inc. c/o Mr. John D. Pazienza Director, Product Development 5363 NW 35th Avenue Fort Lauderdale, FL 33309

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Re: K103808

Trade/Device Name: Sapphire NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 870.5100 Regulation Name: PTCA Catheters Regulatory Class: Class II (two)

Product Code: LOX Dated: August 26, 2011 Received: August 29, 2011

Dear Mr. Pazienza:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register. Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act

or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please go to http://www.fda.gov/AboutFDA/CentersOffices/CDRH/CDRHOffices/ucm115809.htm for the Center for Devices and Radiological Health's (CDRH's) Office of Compliance. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (240) 276-3150 or at its Internet address http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm.

Sincerely yours,

Bram D. Zuckerman, M.D.

Director

Division of Cardiovascular Devices

Office of Device Evaluation

Center for Devices and

Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number:	K103808	
Device Name	Sapphire NC Coronary Dilatation Catheter	
Indications for Use:	graft stenosis in patients evior of improving myocardial pe balloon dilatation of a cord acute myocardial infarction in-stent restenosis post-delivery expansion of by Note: The subject device was Blazer Cobalt-Chromium (Cod	notic portion of a coronary artery or bypass idencing coronary ischemia for the purpose
Prescription Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Sub	AND/OR part D)	Over-The-Counter Use(21 CFR 801 Subpart C)
(PLEASE DO NOT	WRITE BELOW THIS LINE-CONTIN	UE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED)
(Division S	Concurrence of CDRH, Office of Devi	ce Evaluation (ODE)

510(k) Notification (21CFR 807.90(e))

510(k) Number <u>K/03808</u>

Sapphire NC PTCA

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